

The adjective stands always behind the substantive to which it belongs. The adjective is expressed as follows e.g.,

gal 𒉗 "great, big"

the palace = the big house é-gal 𒉗

the lord of the palace en é-gal-a(k) en é-gal-la 𒂩 𒉗 𒈶

some new words :-

zid 𒉗 "firm, true, pure" gibil 𒄑 "new"

dagal 𒁕 "wide" du_{lo}(g) 𒁺 "goood"

eig 𒉗 "black"

The wide plain edin-dagal 𒆠 𒁕 "the wide plain"

ku-li - zid 𒉿 𒉗 "the true friend"

su-ni(r)-gig 𒋻 𒉗 "the black flag"

Translate into Sumerian :-

the master of the new house.

master, house, new, of (a-ki-e-i)

en - é - gibil - a(k)

en - é - gibil - la

𒂩 𒉗 𒈶

the black head of the firm friend.

eag-gig - kuli - zid - a(k)

eag-gig - ku-li - zid - da

the wide field of the son of the new king.

field, wide, son, king, new, of, of

a-ša - dagal - dumu - lugal - gibil - ak - a(k)

a-ša - ugal - dumu - lugal - gibil - ak - a(k)

𒂩 𒉗 𒆠 𒉿 𒄑 𒀭 𒉗 𒉗

The strength of Ningpo, The great god.

strength, Hingirisu, god, great, of.

$\omega = \frac{d}{dt} \text{Hingirisu} - \frac{d}{dt} \text{dingir} + \frac{d}{dt} \text{esi} - \frac{d}{dt} \text{a}(k)$

$\vec{a} = \lim_{r \rightarrow \infty} \vec{a}(r = \infty) = \text{dingir gal - la}$

米
目

some new words :-

E✓  "Ummat" سماں اگھری

→ urim^{ki} " Ur " / 9 i

 girsu^{ki} "Girsu"

  unu(*g*)^{ki} "Uruk"

 ^{lagaš(a) ki} "Lagash"

≠ ✕ ⊚ *ensi* " prince "

Exercises :-

The strength of the son of the prince of lagash
strength, son, prince, lagash, of, of, of.

á - dumu - ensi - lagas^{ki} - ²~~ek~~ - ²~~ek~~ - ²~~ak~~

a - dumu - e_{esi} - lagas_(a)ki - ka - (ka)

風之子令馬

The big house of the friend of Samantra, the prince of Udaipur.

house, big, friend, eucnatum, prince. Ur, of, of, of